



Swachh Bharat Mission ODF+ Protocol

A city / ward / work circle can be notified/declared as SBM ODF+ city/ SBM ODF+ ward/SBM ODF+ work circle if, at any point of the day, not a single person is found defecating and/or urinating in the open, AND all community and public toilets are functional and well maintained.



BROAD FOCUS

Improving
toilet access



Sustaining
toilet usage



NECESSARY INFRASTRUCTURE AND REGULATORY CONDITIONS TO BE ACHIEVED BEFORE DECLARING A CITY/ WARD AS SBM ODF+

- All applicable conditions for ODF
- Individual toilets functional and well-maintained, with water availability.
- All public areas* have functional public toilets within a span of 1 kilometer.
- While deciding the number of toilet seats/urinals and blocks, the city's entire floating population must have been considered.
- The city has sufficient mobile toilets/toilet facilities for use during occasions with large gatherings in a single area i.e. situations with high demand for toilets, where existing facilities may not be sufficient, regardless of how infrequent these occasions are.
- All residential societies with resident welfare associations (RWAs)/housing or mohalla committees have toilet facilities within the premises for the use of male and female non-resident workers, staff, drivers, etc. that are clean and usable at all times.
- City has carried out structural audit of all community / public toilets and carried out necessary repairs and renovations on the basis of the findings.
- All functional community / public toilets should be appropriately provisioned and well-maintained, with 20 conditions across cleanliness, support infrastructure, accessibility and operations and maintenance all adhered to.
- At least 1 or 10%, whichever is higher, of functional community / public toilets should adhere to all 11 additional conditions across cleanliness and aesthetics, additional amenities, green technology and financial viability.
- ULB / Development Authority / Cantonment Board has notified sanitation service level benchmarks, at the least adhering to all conditions defined for SBM ODF+, in municipal bye-laws (or equivalent, in absence of municipal administration) and published the same in at least two dailies with wide reach.
- The city has issued and notified fines against open defecators, and defined penalty / fine against concessionaires/maintenance authorities in-charge of community / public toilets in service contract (with respect to poor maintenance of such toilets).

VERIFICATION AND CERTIFICATION MECHANISM

- Cities that have been certified ODF at least once (on the basis of the ODF Protocol laid down by MOHUA) shall be eligible to declare themselves as SBM ODF+ and apply for certification of SBM ODF+ status.
- Once a city/town fulfills necessary conditions, the Municipal Commissioner/Chairperson/Chief Officer may declare the city/town as SBM ODF+, pass a resolution or issue a notification and communicate the same to MoHUA through State Government. The State government may, at their discretion, take up third party verification before MoHUA's verification process.
- MoHUA will take up independent verification and validation for "Swachh Certification for SBM ODF+ through a third party agency.
- In case of failure in certification, a one-month cooling off period (from date of certification failure) shall be applicable before the respective city may again request for SBM ODF+ certification.
- The third party certification will be valid for six (6) months, after which the re-assessment and re-certification process will be carried out every 6 months.

*Public areas are areas with open access to public, especially those with high footfall (number of people at a given time) daily/periodically, including but not limited to parks and gardens, transport hubs (railway stations, airports, bus stations, etc.), religious areas, tourist sites, historic sites, etc. and not including commercial areas (such as market areas, bazaars)